愛媛医学 第 28 巻 3 号(平成 21 年 9 月 1 日発刊)

トピックス

高等哺乳類における泌尿生殖系器官の分子発生基盤の解明

原口 竜摩1), 山田 源2), 鍋田 基生1), 3), 木藤 克己1), 阿部 康人1), 植田 規史1)

- 1) 愛媛大学大学院分子病理学分野 2) 熊本大学大学院生命資源研究センター
- 3) 愛媛大学大学院生殖病態外科学分野

愛媛医学 28(3):127-131, 2009

前立腺癌におけるアンドロゲン非依存性獲得の分子機構

菊川 忠彦1), 丹司 望1), 横山 雅好1), 東山 繁樹2)

1) 愛媛大学大学院泌尿器制御学分野 2) 同生化学・分子遺伝学分野

愛媛医学 28(3):132-135, 2009

原著

自己免疫性1型糖尿病における甲状腺自己抗体の陽性率と自己免疫性甲状腺疾患の合併頻度に関する検討

宮内 省蔵,清水 大樹,松本 毅, 壷内 栄治,清家 裕貴,田中 良憲

市立宇和島病院内科

愛媛医学 28(3):136-138, 2009

Summary

Autoimmune type 1 diabetes mellitus (A1DM) is well known to be associated with other autoimmune diseases. A1DM is diagnosed as a part of autoimmune polyglandular syndrome (APS) and is also associated with other autoimmune endocrinological diseases. A1DM is an important disease not only as it relates to diabetes mellitus medical care, but also as it constitutes APS.

We analyzed antithyroid antibodies and their association with autoimmune thyroid diseases present in A1 DM. The positive ratio of TSH receptor antibodies, TPO antibodies and Tg antibodies was higher than in the conventional report. Furthermore, the female patient had a higher positive rate of antithyroid antibodies than the male patient. We should pay attention to the association of autoimmune thyroid diseases with A1DM. Key Words: autoimmune type 1 diabetes mellitus, autoimmune thyroid diseases, autoimmune polyglandular

高齢者における出血性胃・十二指腸潰瘍の臨床的検討

岡本 傳男, 水上 祐治, 西山 麻里, 河原 泰彦, 藤澤 友樹, 村上 信三 松山市民病院消化器科

愛媛医学 28(3):139-143,2009

Summary

Syndrome

A clinical study was performed on 324 patients with hemorrhagic gastroduodenal ulcers, admitted to our hospital from 2002 to 2007. The patients were divided into 158 patients aged 65 years and over, and 166 patients younger than 65 years of age. In the erderly group, the frequency of severe concomitant diseases, while taking non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), including low dose aspirin, was higher. Most of the elderly patients with hemorrhagic gastroduodenal ulcers were successfully treated with endoscopic hemostasis. There

were no cases of death due to bleeding in the elderly group. However, those elderly group members with bleeding ulcers had an 8.2% mortality rate due to the aggravation of underlying diseases or other serious complications. In conclusion, we think that the prevention of NSAIDsinduced gastroduodenal ulcers is very important.

Key Words: erderly, hemorrhagic gastroduodenal ulcer, prognosis

症例報告

回腸早期癌に対して内視鏡的粘膜切除術を施行した2例

堀口 愛1), 岩川 和秀1), 今峰 聡2), 市川 幹郎3), 中西 護4)

1) 市立宇和島病院外科 2) 市立大洲病院内科 3) 市立宇和島病院内科4) 同病理

愛媛医学 28(3):144-148, 2009

Summary

Primary carcinoma of the ileum is a rare neoplasm and difficult to diagnose early. Its endscopic treatment requires skilled techniques. We experienced two cases of early cancer of the ileum, which were treated with endoscopic mucosal resection (EMR).

[Case 1]A67-year-old man was admitted to our hospital because of fecal occult blood. A colonoscopy revealed an elevated lesion (0-ls), about 20 mm in size, in the ileum 4 cm orally of the Bauhin's valve, and EMR was performed. Histopathological imaging showed well differentiated adenocarcinoma in adenoma.

[Case 2]A69-year-old man had a history of sigmoid colon cancer, gastric cancer, and transverse colon cancer, and was coming to our hospital regularly. Colonoscopy revealed an elevated lesion (0-ls), about 12 mm in size, in the ileum 10 cm orally of the Bauhin's valve, and EMR was performed. The resected specimen showed well differentiated adenocarcinoma in adenoma. These two cases had no postoperative complications or recurrence. Observation of the terminal ileum during colonoscopy is useful for detecting early carcinoma of the ileum. If we can detect carcinoma of the ileum early, EMR is also possible.

Key Words: Early carcinoma of the ileum, Endoscopic mucosal resection, Colonoscopy

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